

Workbook Teacher's Edition





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This edition first published in 2023

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Printed in Mexico



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Lesson 1

UNIT 1 Fabulous food

Answers will vary.

The same of the sa			9		G
	apples	peas	car	rots	
	oranges	candy	pot	ratoes	33
	soda	I like	I do	on't like	

B	Write about what is good, and not good for you. Answers will vary.
	1 are good for you.
	2. are not good for you.
	3. is not good for you.
	4. is good for you.
	5.
G	Draw three things that are good for you. Answers will vary.
O	Draw three things that are not good for you. Answers will vary.

Write and draw about yourself. If you don't know the word, ask someone to

neip you.	
1. This is what I usually have for breakfast.	2. This is what I usually have for lunch at school.
3. This is what I usually have for din	nner. 4. This is what I usually have before I go to bed.
5. This is my favorite food.	

Lesson 2





Peter likes pear and pineapple cake



2. peas / Susana / like / carrots / or / doesn't

Susana doesn't like carrots or peas



3. you/is/good/Broccoli/for/very

Broccoli is very good for you



4. hamburgers / day / Don't / every / eat

Don't eat hamburgers every day



5. food / children / good / need / All

All children need good food



B 42

Your turn! Write a scrambled sentence and exchange it with a classmate. Answers will vary.

1/1/	contonco	
IVIV	sentence.	

My friend's sentence...

Complete the sentences. Use words from the box.

oil salt likes doesn't cheese candy tomatoes

	1.	Mary	doesn't	like pot	ato chips.			
	2.	Pizza has a lo	t of	cheese	·			
	3.	Potato chips	have a lot o	f	oil	and	salt	
	4.	Cano	ly H	nas a lot of	sugar.			
	5.	Roberta	likes	broccoli bu	t she doesr	n't like	tomatoes .	,
D	Ch	ange these se	entences to	plural and	l draw pict	tures.		
	1.	A pea is smal	l and green.					
		Peas are sma	ll and green			·		
	2.	A hot dog has	s lots of salt					
		Hot dogs have	e lots of salt			·		
	3.	A cookie has	a lot of suga	ar.				
		Cookies have	a lot of suga	ır				
	4.	A carrot is usu	ually orange	<u>.</u>				
		Carrots are u	sually orang	e		·		

Interview family members about their favorite food. Try to find the words in English. If you can't, draw the food or paste cutouts.

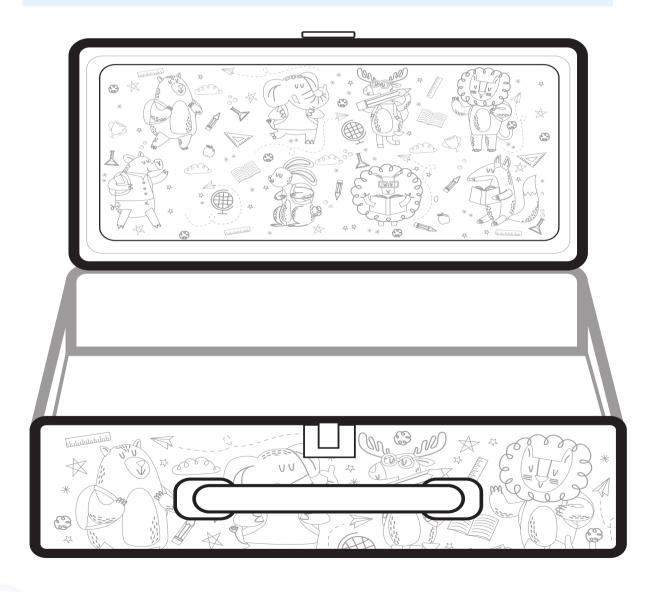
Family Member (mom, dad, uncle, aunt, cousin, brother, sister, etc.)	Favorite Fruit	Favorite Vegetables	Other Favorite Food

Lesson 3

What's in your lunchbox today? Draw and label the food in your lunchbox.
Use the words in the box or add some others. Copy them carefully.

Decorate your lunchbox. Answers will vary.

ham cheese lettuce jam sandwich sausage carrots
salad potato chips cookies cake hamburger jicama
cucumbers bread beans bread roll chocolate bar
soup juice water soda crackers



B Order the sentences to make a recipe. Match the sentences to the pictures.







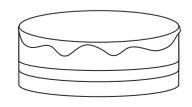


- _____ Sprinkle with nuts. Put a cherry on top.
- ______Take a scoop of chocolate, vanilla and strawberry ice cream. Put them on top of the banana.
- ______Pour chocolate syrup over the ice cream. Add whipped cream.
- _____Cut a banana in half. Put it on a plate.
- Write a question for each answer. Color the cake. Follow the example.

Do you like carrots? Yes, I do. I like carrots.

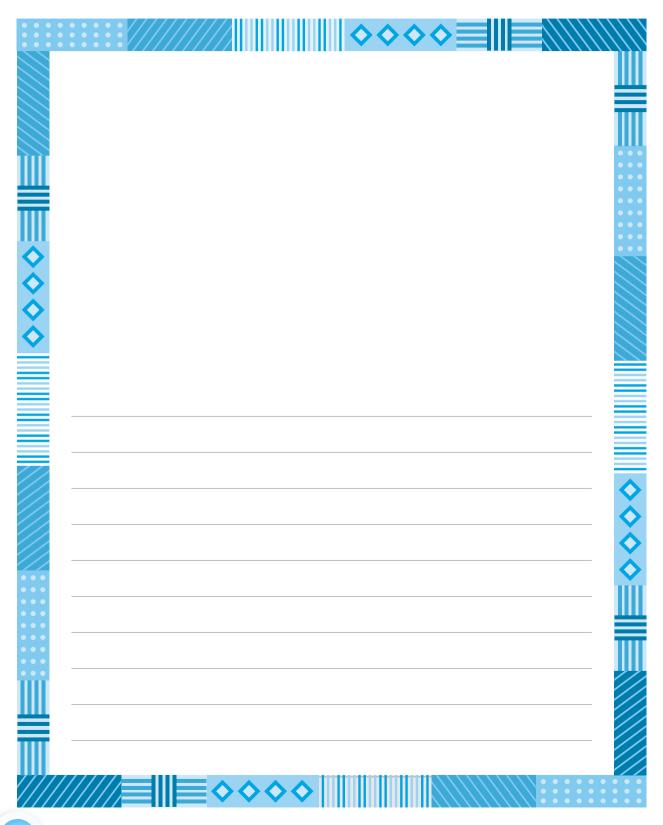
- 1. _ Do you like potatoes? No, I don't. I don't like potatoes.
- 2. Do you like hot dogs? No, I don't. I don't like hot dogs.
- 3. <u>Do you like pizza with sugar?</u> No, I don't like pizza with sugar.
- **4.** Do you like watermelon? Yes, I do. I love watermelon.
- **5.** <u>Do you like chocolate cake?</u> . <u>Answers will vary.</u> chocolate cake.

This is a _____ cake.



BLOG

D How are you responsible? What things are you responsible for?









Use the words from the box and write questions. Ask a friend and write the answers.

do like eat likes toast cereal milk bread yoghurt eggs sausages don't does doesn't do don't does doesn't your mom your dad your sister your brother

Does your mom
like sausages?





No, she doesn't.

1.	Answers will vary.	?
2.		?
3.		?
4.		?
5.		??

B Write the words in the correct column. Read them aloud.

chant

church ranch cheese patch chimp punch Charlie watch champion chocolate branch chant

ch ch

Initial /ch/	Final /ch/
church	ranch
cheese	patch
chimp	punch
Charlie	watch
chocolate	branch
champion	





Write a chant about food. Say it in front of the class. Follow the example, but substitute the words in parentheses. Answers will vary.

(Alex) likes (peas), but (he) doesn't like (carrots).

(Susi) likes (peas), but (she) doesn't like (carrots).

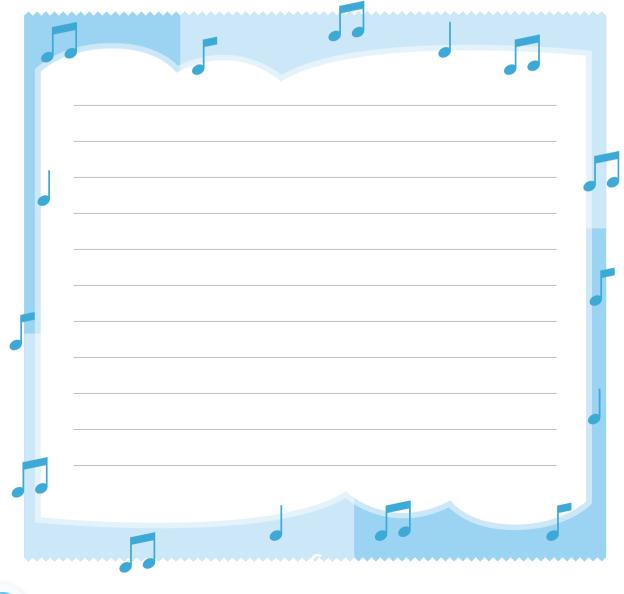
I don't like (peas), and I don't like (carrots).

Yeah, yeah, yeah!

What does (he) like? (Peas and carrots).

What does (she) like? (Peas and carrots).

Yeah, yeah, yeah!



Draw pictures of fruit, vegetables or food that you don't know how to say in English. Ask different people to help you find the word in English. Write it and say who helped you.

fruit	vegetable	food
Word in English:	Word in English:	Word in English:
Who helped you?	Who helped you?	Who helped you?
fruit	vegetable	food
Word in English:	Word in English:	Word in English:
Who helped you?	Who helped you?	Who helped you?

Lesson 5

A Use the words in the box to write sentences about the food in the refrigerator. Look at the example.

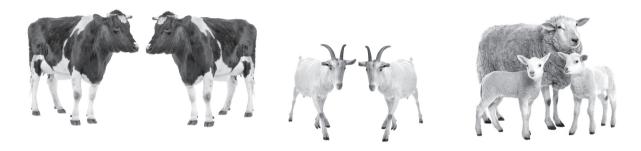
milk orange juice strawberries yoghurt eggs butter cream in on next to top shelf bottom shelf



The milk is on the top shelf, next to the orange juice.
The strawberries are on the top shelf, in the bowl
The orange juice is on the top shelf next to the milk
The cream is on the top shelf next to the strawberries
The eggs are on the bottom shelf, next to the cream
The yoghurt is on the bottom shelf next to the butter
The butter is on the bottom shelf in the refrigerator
Draw food items in the refrigerator. Write sentences.
Answers will vary.

B

Find information. Write sentences about cows, goats and sheep.

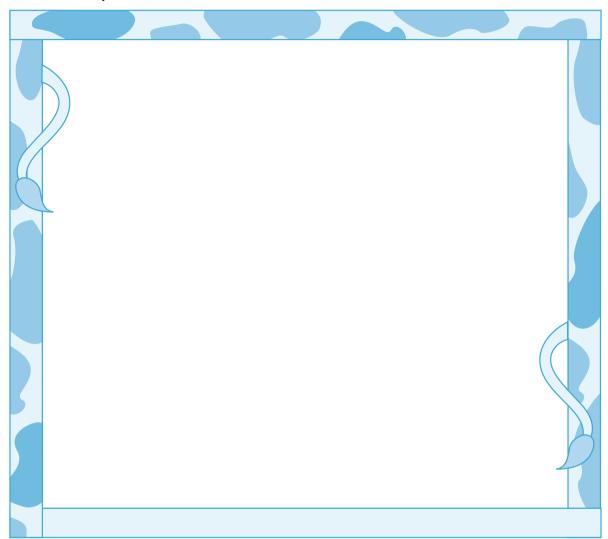


Cows Goats Sheep

- 1. Cows give us cheese. <u>Goats and sheep give us cheese too.</u>
- 2. Cows give us butter. Goats and sheep give us butter too
- 3. Cows give us milk. Goats and sheep give us milk too
- **4.** Cows give us meat. ____ Goats and sheep give us meat too
- 5. Cows give us leather. Goats and sheep give us leather too
- Draw and label some milk products that you usually have at home.

Answers will vary.

Draw products that come from cows. Then, write about them. Look at the example.



I like <u>white cheese</u> but I don't like <u>blue cheese</u>.

- **1.** I like ______ but I don't like ______.
- **2.** I like ______ but I don't like ______.
- **3.** ______.
- **5.**

Lesson 6



Dad:	Bobby, please look in the pantry. Can you see the tuna fish? Where is it?			
Bobby:	Yes, Dad. The tuna fish is next to the bread			
Bobby:	We also need the ketchup. It's onthe second shelf			
	next to			
Dad:	Dad: We can make pasta with seafood Where αre			
the sardines and <u>where is</u> the pasta? Bobby: The sardines <u>are on the bottom shelf</u> . The pasta				
				is next to the sardines
	Hurry, let's get them right away! We can make a delicious pasta dish!			
Illustrate to look u	and write some ingredients for pasta with seafood. Use a dictionary			
Answers will vary.				

Write the words in the box in the correct column.

goat crab lobster lollipop butter octopus fish sheep cheese strawberries shrimp cow pig bacon chicken

crab goat butter cheese octopus cow strawberries fish pig bacon shrimp chicken lollipop	Ocean animals	Farm animals	Food
	crab	goat	butter
	lobster	sheep	cheese
	octopus	cow	strawberries
	fish	pig	bacon

D	Write sentences using some of the words in the columns. Follow the example
	I like to eat fish and cheese.
	Answers will vary.

Draw a picture of three friends showing things they found in the sea. Write your friends' names. Complete the sentences. Look at the example.



- 1. Sally sells seashells at the seashore.
- **2.** _____ sells _____ at _____.
- **3.** _____ sells _____ at ____.
- **4.** ______ sells _____ at _____.

Lesson 7

A Label all the ingredients of this huge baguette.

_____bread ____lettuce ____ham



<u>cheese</u> <u>tomatoes</u>

butter mayonnaise onions

B Draw your own favorite sandwich and label all the ingredients.





Answers will vary.



Un	scramble these words to write a sentence.
1.	shelf / the / The / on / refrigerator / in / is / milk / the / top
	The milk is in the refrigerator on the top shelf
2.	cream / bag / cheese / is / of / and / The / the / the/ tomatoes / between
	The bag of cheese is between the cream and the tomatoes
3.	flour / wheat / miller / into / mills / A
	A miller mills wheat into flour
4.	rock / octopus / that / under / There's / an
	There's an octopus under that rock
5.	ocean / lobsters / bottom / live / the / the / Shrimp / on / and / of
	Shrimp and lobsters live on the bottom of the ocean
2	Your turn! Write a scrambled sentence and exchange it with a
	9 10 00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
	classmate. Answers will vary.
Му	classmate. Answers will vary. sentence
Му 	

BLOG

Write and draw your own meal journal. Which food time do you like best? Follow the example.

Breakfast

I love orange juice!		
Lunch		
Lunon		
Dinner		9.0
	-	
	-	
		Ω

Lesson 8

hen store bean shelf green chicks plate plenty cow queen

One, two, a <u>cow</u> says moo!	
Three, four, go to the	
Five, six, yellow <u>chicks</u> .	
Seven, eight, tomatoes on aplate	
Nine, ten, a big fat	
Eleven, twelve, things on ashelf	
Thirteen fourteen. Peas are <u>green</u> .	
Fifteen, sixteen. Do you want a <u>bean</u>	_?
Seventeen, eighteen, for a <u>queen</u> .	
Nineteen, twenty, all for	

B Draw pictures. Memorize the verses and practice saying them with a classmate. Answers will vary.

C Look at the pictures and solve these problems. Write the answer using a complete sentence.



1.	Louise bakes cakes. She uses seventeen eggs
	for each cake and six eggs for the icing. How
	many eggs does she use for each cake?

She uses twenty three eggs.



2. If you eat seven small shrimps for lunch and then eat eleven shrimps for dinner, how many shrimps do you eat in all?

I eat eighteen shrimps.



3. The miller gets twenty-one bags of wheat on Monday and fourteen bags of wheat on Tuesday. How many more bags of wheat does he get on Monday than on Tuesday?

He gets thirty five bags.

Think about some food you have in your home. Write the names. Fill in the table. Ask a family member for some help at home. Look at some ideas in the box.

Where you get it: Food comes from a farm, a market, a supermarket, my garden, etc.

Who buys or picks it: Dad, Mom, domestic helper, Grandma, Grandpa, me, etc.

What kind of food it is: Fruit, vegetable, milk product, animal product, wheat product, etc.

Food	Where you get it.	Who buys or picks it	What kind of food it is	Other interesting facts

Lesson 1

UNIT 2

Our Things





2



3



dol





5



marbles

6



truck

- B Look at the pictures and answer the questions. Look at the example.
 - 1. Where are Ben's marbles?

car

They're under the table.



2. Where's Tina's doll?

It's on the couch



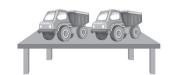
3. Where's Ana's yo-yo?

It's next to the skates

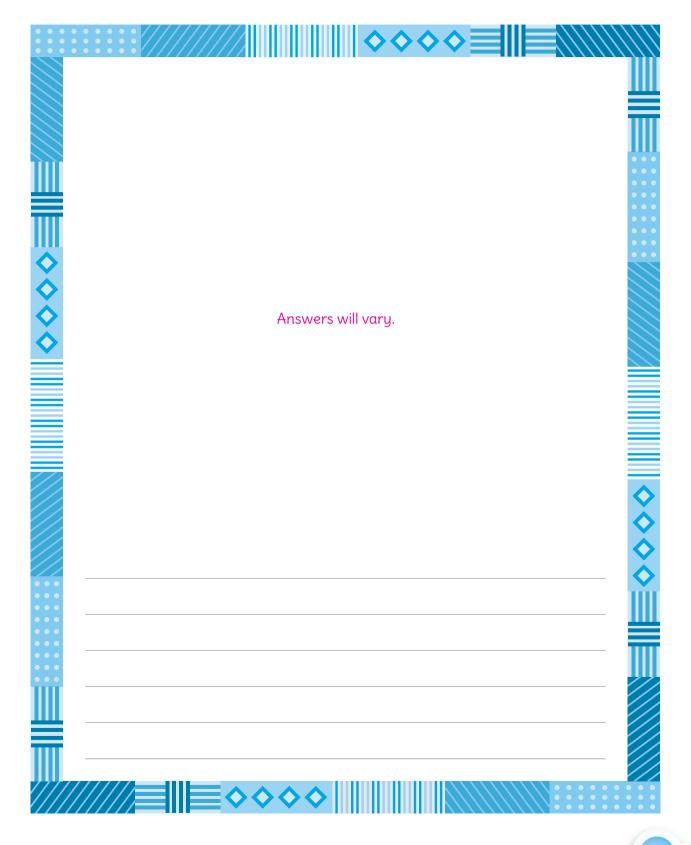


4. Where are Ted's trucks?

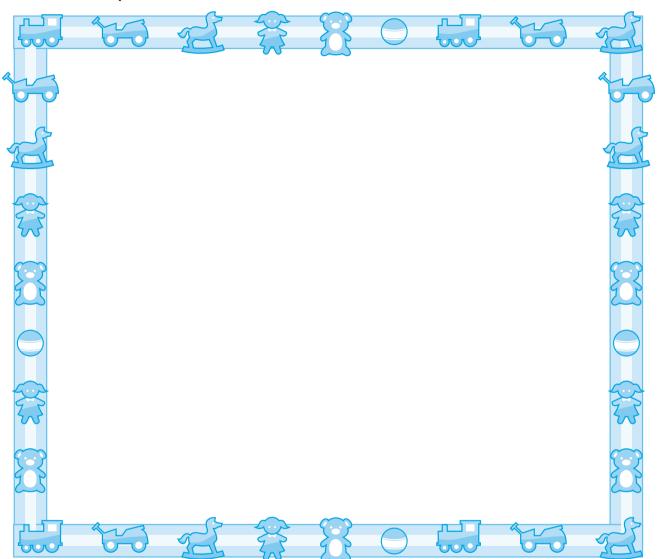
They're on the table



C Draw your favorite toy. Write sentences describing the color and the size.



Draw the places where you keep your toys. Or take some pictures, print them out and paste them here.



Write four sentences about where you keep some of your toys. Name the toy and where you keep it.

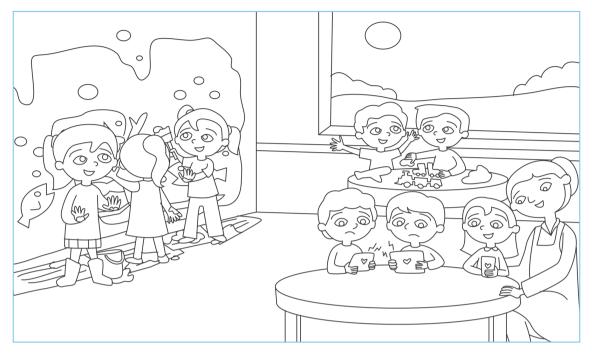
1.		

<u> </u>

- **3.** ______
- 4.

Lesson 2

Our Company of the Words to make sentences. Color the picture.



1. mural / This / the / is / girls'

This is the girls' mural.

2. are / clay toys / These / the / boy's

These are the boy's clay toys

3. tablets / working / The / not / boys' / are

The boy's iPads are not working

4. the / smartphone / is / This / girl's

This is the girl's smartphone



Write a scrambled sentence and exchange it with a classmate.

Answers will vary.

My sentence...

My friend's sentence...

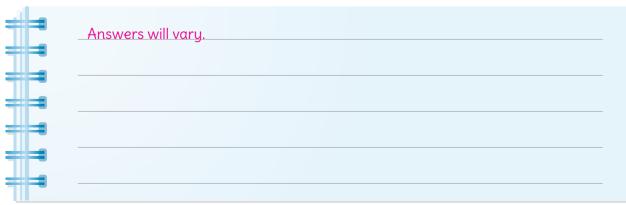
G Join the words to make compound words.



- **6.** base fast
- D Write three sentences using the compound words in Activity C.
 - 1. Answers will vary.

 - **3.** ______
- B What is inside your backpack? Draw and make a list.

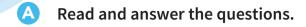




Interview a family members about their favorite toys. Find the words in English. Write a sentence for each toy.

Family member (mom, dad, uncle, etc.)	Favorite toy	Picture
1. My	favorite toy is	
2. My	favorite toy is	_,
3. My	favorite toy is	

Lesson 3





A Different Costume Party!

Jenny's Super Animal Party is today at her house. She has a crazy animal mask. Her friends have crazy animal masks and costumes, too. Jenny's friends are Violet, Nora, Oliver, and Henry. They used paper plates, feathers, sequins, glitter, glue and paint to make their masks. The costumes at the party are of different animals like giraffes, lions, elephants, and snakes. The animals have super powers. They eat special food and play games. It's a fun party!

1. Where is Jenny's Super Animal Party?

It is at her house

- 2. What are the mask materials?
 - Paper plates, feathers, sequins, glitter, glue and paint
- **3.** What are the animal costumes at the party?
 - Giraffes, lions, elephants and snakes
- **4.** Who are Jenny's friends?

Violet, Nora, Oliver and Henry

- B Unscramble and draw the words.
 - 1. skenersa

sneakers

2. otsob

boots

3. tckeaj

jacket

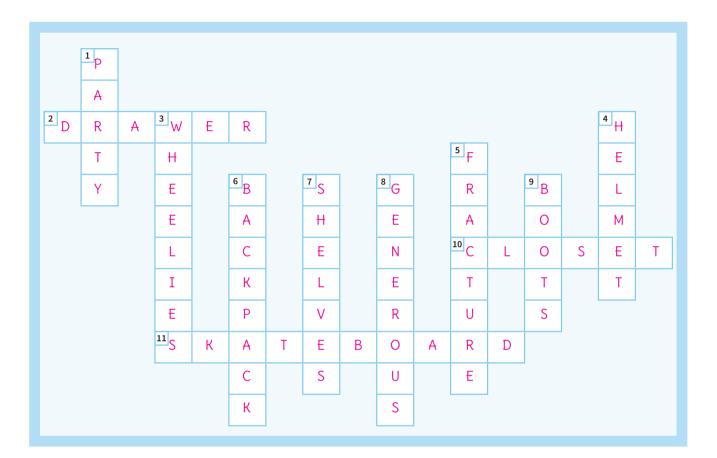
4. ssrde

dress

5. soesh

shoes

- C Draw a picture of the party in your notebook. Answers will vary.
- Complete the puzzle.



Across

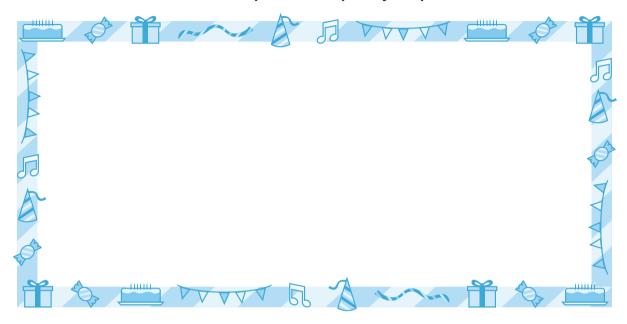
- 2 You keep your socks and underwear here.
- 10 It's a place to hang your clothes.
- 11 It's a board with wheels.

Down

- 1 You have one when it's your birthday.
- 3 It's a combination of sneakers and skates.

- 4 It's protection for your head.
- **5** When you break a bone you have a...
- 6 You use it to carry your books to school.
- 7 You put your book on these.
- **8** A person who gives a lot is...
- 9 You put them on your feet when it's cold.

Draw your Dream Party. Think of the theme, the decorations, the costumes and the food. Write labels and captions to explain your picture.



Work with a classmate. Talk about your dream parties. Draw your classmate's Dream Party.

The party's theme is

My classmate's Dream Party!

My partner's name is _

A Complete the questions with do or does. Write short answers for

Lesson 4

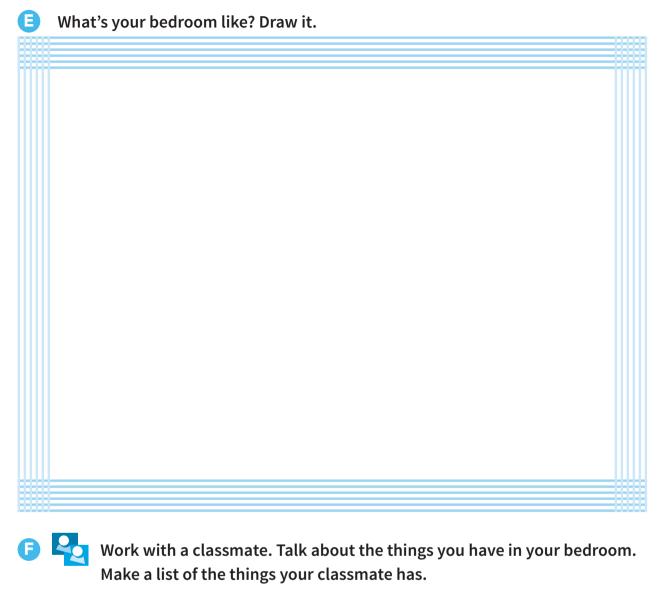
	e questions. Follow the example.				
1.	<u>Does</u> Oliv	er like to dress up as a lion? No, <u>he doesn't</u> .			
2.	Do	your friends like to go to your parties? Yes, they do			
3.	Does	your mom bake cakes? Yes, she does			
4.	Does	Tessa love to paint her face? Yes, she does			
5.	Does	Boris speak Russian? No, <u>he doesn't</u>			
6.	Do	the kids drink lemonade? No,they don't			
7.	Does	Violet wear a cheetah mask all day? Yes, <mark>she does</mark>			
8.	Does	Henry climb a tree in his garden? No, he doesn't			
9.	Do	the girls like to go to parties? Yes, they do			
10	. Does	Jenny want a traditional party? No, she doesn't			
Wr	ite the nega	tive form of these sentences.			
	Nora has a crazy green T-shirt.				
	Nora doesn't have a crazy green T-shirt .				
2.	Henry and 1	om have animal masks for the party.			
	Henry and Tom don't have animal masks for the party				
	3. Oliver has many hats in his closet.				
3.	Oliver doesn't have many hats in his closet				
3.	Oliver doesi				
 4. 					
	Tessa and V	n't have many hats in his closet			

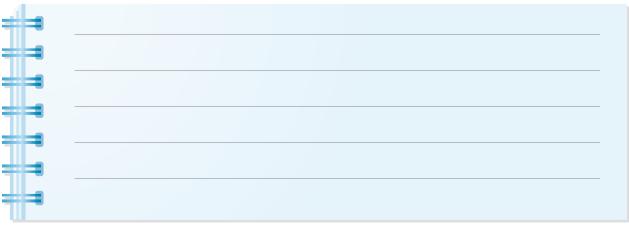
Find and circle the words in the puzzle.

wheelies airplane monkey giraffe rainbow breakfast classroom skateboard blinds quilt

R	W	Н	E	E	L	I	E	S	D
Н	R	Α	- 1	N	В	0	W	R	U
С	L	Α	S	S	R	0	0	М	D
R	Α	Т	G	- 1	R	Α	F	F	E
М	0	N	K	Е	Υ	R	L	I	N
R	А	I	R	Р	L	Α	N	E	U
Т	В	L	- 1	N	D	S	В	0	W
Q	I	L	R	E	Q	U	- 1	L	T
В	R	Е	Α	K	F	Α	S	Т	U
S	K	Α	Т	Е	В	0	Α	R	D

D	Choose three words. Write a sentence with each.	Answers will vary.
	1	
	2.	
	3.	





Lesson 5

A Look at the pictures. Write sentences to describe what the people have or don't have. Look at the example.



1. Susan has a cat. She doesn't have a turtle.





2. Sam and Tom have a ferret. They don't have a parrot





3. Mr. Adams <u>has a dog. He doesn't have a fish</u>





4. My sister Carol <u>has a hamster. She doesn't have a ferret</u>



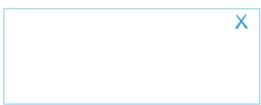




5. My friend John <u>has a parrot and a fish. He doesn't have a cat.</u>

B Draw one pet you have and one pet you don't have. Write a sentence.





Answers will vary.

C Draw cartoons of these animals. Write a sentence about each of your cartoons. Follow the example. Answers will vary.





1. This is my cartoon dog. It has big ears. It doesn't have big teeth.





2. _____





3. _____





4.

D	Draw your favorite animal cartoon character.
A	With a latter to a constant of the day of the latter than the
G	Write a letter to your Second Grade teacher. Explain what animal cartoon characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have and do not have. Explain how you made them.
	characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have
	characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have
	characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have
7000000	characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have
700000000	characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have
70000000	characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have
6	characters you and your friends made and what things your characters have

Lesson 6

Look at the pictures. Write sentences about what you have and what you don't have. Answers will vary.



1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
T•	
5	



Write questions for the pictures in Activity A. Ask a friend and write short answers. Answers will vary.

	<u> </u>
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

1. Do you have a television? Yes, I do.

Find and circle the words in the puzzle.

alarm clock sneakers television iPad computer toys clothes shopaholic supermarket food

Т	S	N	E	Α	K	Е	R	S	Α	D	W
С	0	М	Р	U	Т	E	R	I	Р	Α	D
S	U	Р	Е	R	М	Α	R	K	Е	Т	Н
R	Т	Е	L	Е	V	I	S	I	0	N	U
S	N	А	L	Α	R	M	С	L	0	С	K
Т	0	Υ	S	I	0	N	F	F	0	0	D
Α	L	S	Н	0	Р	Α	Н	0	L	ı	С
Н	0	М	K	С	L	0	Т	Н	Е	S	D

D	Write three sentences using words from the word search.	Answers will vary.
	1	
	2	
	3.	

Work with a classmate. Compare your drawings and talk about your possessions. Then, write about your classmate's possessions. My classmate has	B	Draw three of your favorite possessions.	
possessions. Then, write about your classmate's possessions.			88
possessions. Then, write about your classmate's possessions.			Ħ
possessions. Then, write about your classmate's possessions.			
possessions. Then, write about your classmate's possessions.			罪
	(7)	possessions. Then, write about your classmate's possessions.	

Lesson 7

A Read the conversation and answer the questions.

Julie: Mom! Mom! Who has my

Miss Monkey watch?

Mom: Milly does. Milly, give Julie her watch! Milly: Mom! Who has my sweater?

Mom: Anne does. Anne, give Milly her sweater at once!

Anne: Mom! Who has my wheelies?

Julie: I do. And they aren't your wheelies!

Anne: Yes, they are!
Julie: No, they are NOT!
Milly: Yes, they are!

Mom: Stop fighting all of you!

1. Who has Julie's Miss Monkey watch?

Milly does

2. Who has Milly's sweater?

Anne does

3. Who has Anne's wheelies?

Julie does

4. Who is fighting?

Julie, Milly and Anne are fighting

5. Why are the girls fighting?

Because they take each other's things

B Join the syllables to make words.



2. mo _____ per

3. ma ____tion

4. hams ter

5. pa _____ gic



Don't forget your Bigga Pets, my dog is hungry. Don't upset your Bigga Pets, you gotta love 'em!	
1. I think they are trying to sell	dog food
Tribba Apple Chunks are part of a good breakfast. We eat what we like!	
2. I think they are trying to sell	apple chunks
You and me together, in good and bad times. You and me together The best <u>friends</u> in the world!	
3. I think they are trying to sell	a doll / a pet
Write an ad and say what you are t	rying to sell. Answers will vary.

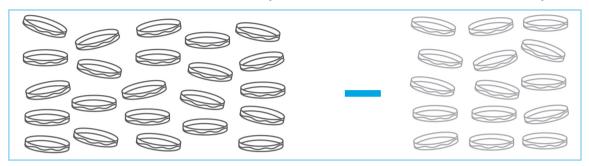
Draw a castle and color the picture. Write a short paragraph about the Hasalot Royal Family. Use ideas from page 64 of your Student's Book.



Lesson 8

	rite the question and the answer. Use the words in parentheses and have has. Follow the example.
1.	(you, glass slippers / no, green sneakers)
	Do you have glass slippers? No, I don't. I have green sneakers.
2.	(she, red quilt, bed / no, blue bedspread)
	Does she have a red quilt on her bed? No, she doesn't. She has a blue bedspread
3.	(those boys, black cloaks party / no, red cloaks)
	Do those boys have black cloaks for the party? No, they don't. They have red cloaks
4.	(Becky, pink Monkey watch / no, normal white wrist watch)
5.	Does Becky have a pink Monkey watch? No, she doesn't. She has a a normal white wrist watch (it, magic dog / no, magic horse that flies)
	Does it have a magic dog? No it doesn't. It has a magic horse that flies
6.	(they, small house / no, small palace, lake)
	Do they have a small house? No they don't. They have a small palace with a lake
Ill	ustrate one sentence from Activity A. Write two more things about it.
	Answers will vary.
1.	
2.	

- Read the problems. Draw a picture to help you solve them. Write the answer using a complete sentence.
 - 1. Jenny and Rose collect Snappy Bands. Together they have 23 bands. If Rose has 15 bands, how many more bands does she have than Jenny?



Rose has 7 more Snappy Bands than Jenny.

2.	At Jenny's party, Oliver, Boris and Henry ate 46 jellybeans. If Oliver ate 18 and Boris ate 19, how many jellybeans did Henry eat?
	Henry ate 9 jellybeans
3.	Paul and Tom collect super hero cards. They have 25 cards in all. Oliver and Henry also collect cards. They have 19 in all. How many cards do they have all together?

They have <u>44 cards</u>

Do you know someone who has a collection? Maybe it's a collection of shells, or cards, or toy cars, or bottle caps. Or maybe it's a collection of toy elephants, or turtles, or dolls, or plush toys, or rubber bands. Interview a family member or a friend. Write the answers here.

Qu	estions for the interview
1.	What is your name?
2.	What do you collect?
3.	How many items do you have in your collection?
4.	When did you start collecting
5.	Where do you keep your collection of? ?
6.	Where do you find or get the items for your collection?
7.	What is your favorite item in your collection and why?
8.	What more can you tell me about your collection?
3	Draw a picture of the person's collection or paste a photo.

Lesson 1

UNIT 3 Having Fun

- A Unscramble the words to write sentences. Follow the example.
 - a / When / tent / need / you / you/ camping, / go
 When you go camping, you need a tent.
 - 2. sunblock / shines, / need / When / you / sun / the
 When the sun shines, you need sunblock
 - **3.** flashlight/you/When/night,/at/a/need/it's/dark

When it's dark at night, you need a flashlight

- 4. chairs / When / eat, / and / tables/ you / folding / you/ to/ need/ want/
 When you want to eat, you need folding chairs and tables
- B **42**

Your turn! Write a scrambled sentence and exchange it with a classmate. Answers will vary.

My sentence...

My friend's sentence...

What are the Browns doing? Write sentences.



1. Bobby is making a sand castle and Suzie is swimming in the ocean



2. They are eating breakfast



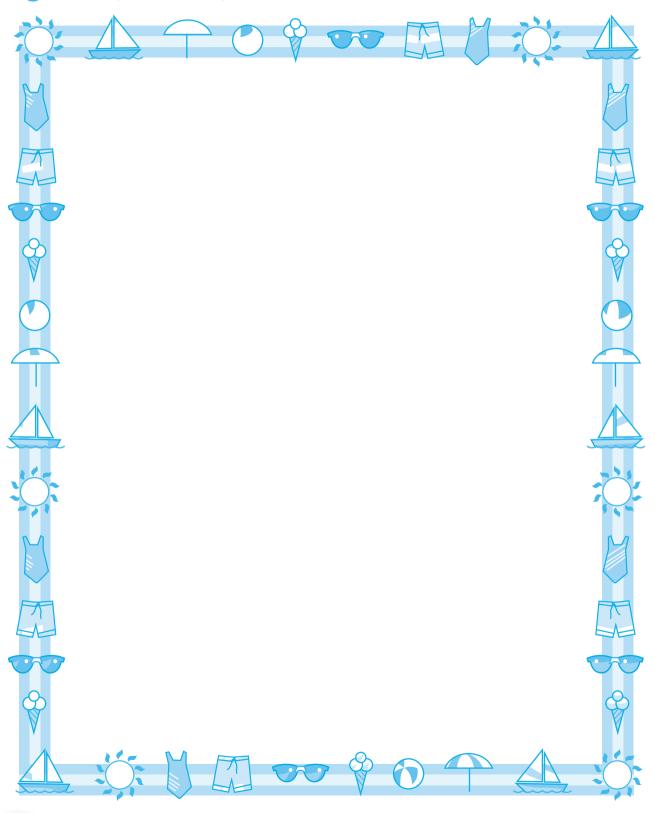
3. They are playing with their dog



4. They are setting up the tent

BLOG

Draw a picture about your favorite vacation. Then, describe it.



Lesson 2

A	Complete the text with your own ideas.	Answers will varu.

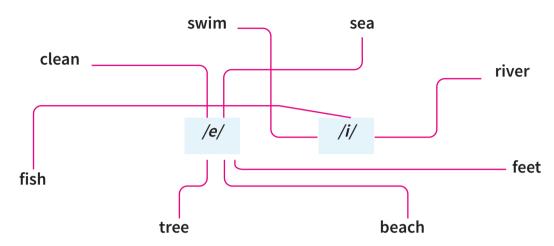
We are going	to the forest with my family.
My aunt is putting a big blue	in the car.
My uncle is carrying some folding	and a table.
Mom and Dad are preparing the	:
hot dogs, hamburgers, eggs, bacon, a	nd bread. I'm taking things to play with:
a	, a,
and	. We are going to have so much fun!

B Write the activities in the box in the correct column.

playing in the sun camping fishing climbing up trees swimming making sand castles walking in the mountain

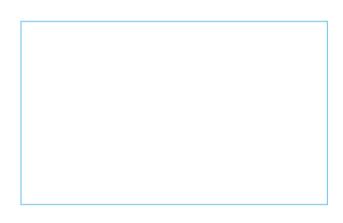
Forest	Beach
camping climbing up trees walking in the mountain	playing in the sun swimming making sand castles fishing

G Join the words to their sounds.

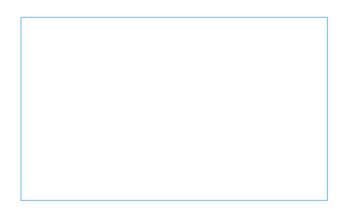


Write two sentences with words from Activity C. Illustrate them. Answers will vary.

1.



2.



Imagine you are going camping to the beach or to the forest. Think of the animals you can find there. Complete the table. Ask a family member for some help at home.

			THE PARTY OF THE P	
	Animal	Category	Picture	
₹ A				
38		A Man		3

Lesson 3

 2. (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk 3. (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) 	The camp chairs aren't floating in the river 2. Megan is playing with her little brother. Megan isn't playing with her little brother 3. The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. 1. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand 2. (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk 3. (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dogs What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture.	The camp chairs aren't floating in the river 2. Megan is playing with her little brother. Megan isn't playing with her little brother 3. The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. 1. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand 2. (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk 3. (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dog. What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture.	W	rite these sentences in the negative form.
 Megan is playing with her little brother. Megan isn't playing with her little brother The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dogs What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture. 	 Megan is playing with her little brother. Megan isn't playing with her little brother The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dogs What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture. 	 Megan is playing with her little brother. Megan isn't playing with her little brother The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dog. What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture. 	1.	The camp chairs are floating in the river.
Megan isn't playing with her little brother 3. The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. 1. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand 2. (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk 3. (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dogs What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture.	 Megan isn't playing with her little brother The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dogs What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture. 	 Megan isn't playing with her little brother The boys are horse-back riding. The boys aren't horse-back riding Write sentences. Use the words in brackets. Look at the example. (Candice, playing, on the beach / but, she, not digging, in the sand) Candice is playing on the beach, but she isn't digging in the sand (Jason and Bobby, eating, hotdogs / but, they, not drinking, milk) Jason and Bobby are eating hotdogs, but they aren't drinking milk (My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs) My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dog. What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture. 		The camp chairs aren't floating in the river
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What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture.	What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture.	What are you doing right now? Write a sentence and draw a picture.	3.	(My grandparents, cooking, hamburgers / but, they, making, hot dogs)
				My grandparents are cooking hamburgers, but they aren't making hot dogs

Write sentences describing the pictures. Use the words in the box.

horse-back riding fishing walk in the mountains

1.



They are horse-back riding.

2.



They are fishing.

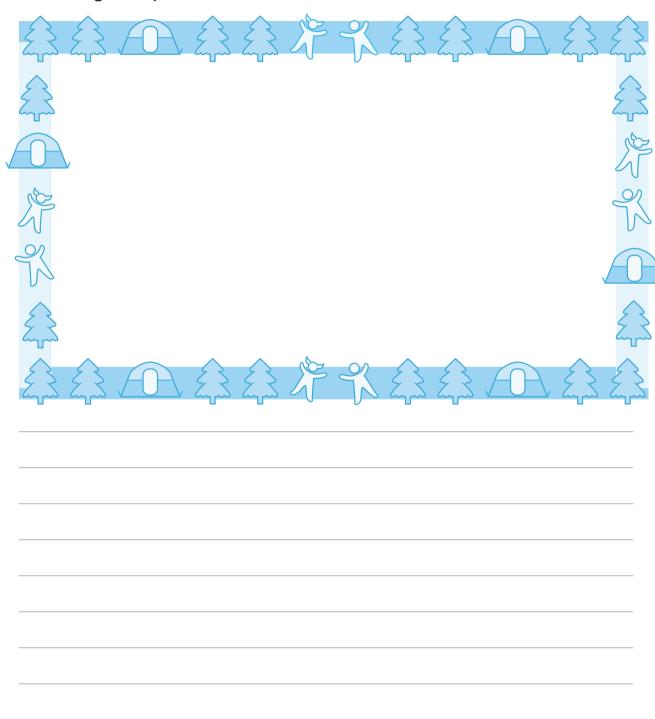
3.



They are walking in the mountains.

- Circle the words with a long /o/sound. Write a sentence using two words.
 - **1.** hot
 - **2.** (show
 - **3.** dog
 - **4.** snow
 - **5.** doll
 - **6.** (nose

Imagine you are going on a camping trip. Where are you going? Who are you going with? What will you take? What will you do there? Draw your campsite and some of the things you are doing. Then, write about the things you are doing in the picture.



Lesson 4

Answers may vary.



1. What are Mr. and Mrs. Brown doing





2. What are Megan, Jason and their grandpa doing

?



3. What are the children doing

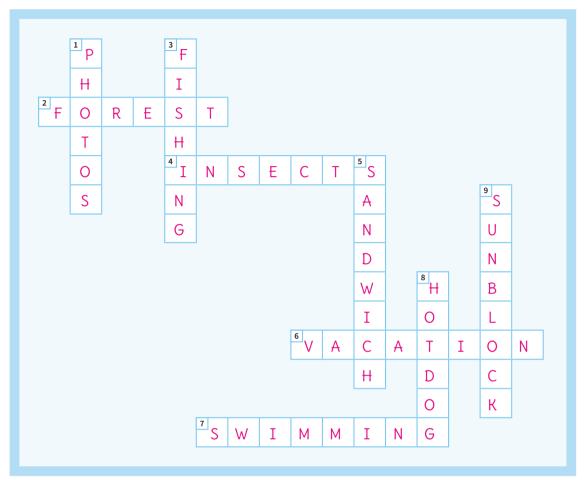
?



Ask and answer your questions with a classmate. Write your answers.

- 1. Answers will vary.
- 2.
- **3.**

Complete the puzzle.



Across

- **2** A place with lots of trees.
- 4 They can bite you at night.
- **6** The time when you don't have to go to school.
- 7 The activity you do in the water.

Down

- 1 You take them to remember your trip.
- 3 Catching fish.
- 5 It's bread with ham and cheese.
- 8 It has a sausage.
- **9** It's protection against the sun.

Imagine you are traveling in a mobile home. Where are you going?
What are you doing? Draw a picture. Then, write to your best friend about your trip.



Lesson 5

A	Un	scramble the words to write sentences. Look at the example.
	1.	summer / are / at / of / camps / There / activities / lots / fun
		There are lots of fun activities at summer camps.
	2.	T-shirts / old / new / shorts / and / his / his / is / Eddie / packing
		Eddie is packing his new T-shirt and his old shorts
	3.	party / Caleb / a / Henry / circus / are going / and / to
		Caleb and Henry are going to a circus party
	4.	the kids / together / to / breakfast, / clean / have / cabins / After / they / thei
		After the kids have breakfast, they clean their cabins together
	5.	write / After / it's / or / to / from / them / letters / dinner, / time / home / read
		After dinner, it's time to read letters from home or write them

Complete the words and draw pictures. Color them.

1	warm	clo	th	P	ς
т.	vvalili	$Cl_{\underline{0}}$	UH	E	2



3. pink p<u>aja</u>m<u>a</u>s



5. old sh o e s

	0 (G	

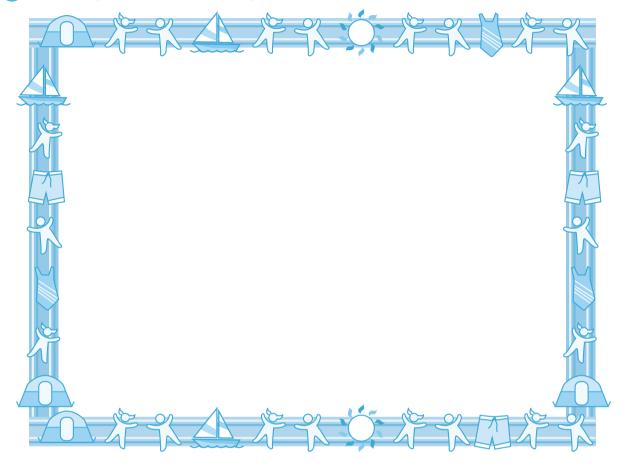
D Look at the pictures. What sound do they have in common?







E Draw a perfect summer camp at the beach.



Make a list of necessary clothing to go to a summer camp at the beach. Try to find the words in English.

4	4	
\mathbb{I}		
Ħ	7	
Ħ	Ħ	
Ħ	=	
Ħ	=	
#	Ē	
ij	7_	







Let's play a game! Read the instructions. Look at the example.

Answers will vary.

Instructions:

- 1. You need 1 die and a coin.
- 2. Flip the coin to decide who goes first.
- 3. Student 1 throws the die and writes down the number in the first box. Student 1 throws the die again and writes the number in the second box.
- 4. Student 2 does the same.
- 5. Look at the pairs of numbers and decide who got the winning number.
- **6.** Write a sentence on the line.

My No	umber	My Partner's Number	
5	4	6 1	The winning number is sixty one.
My No	umber	My Partner's Number	
Mat Ma	umber	My Partner's Number	
Mg N	mper	My Partner's Number	
My No	umber	My Partner's Number	

- B Read the words and underline the /ch/ sound.
 - 1. chair
 - 2. China
 - 3. children
 - 4. cheese
 - **5.** sandwich
- Solve the problems. Then, write the answer using a complete sentence.
 - 1. Today we are counting stars. Jenny is counting thirty-four stars. Bobbie is counting thirty-four minus seven. How many stars are Jenny and Bobbie counting together?

Jenny: 34

Bobby: 34 - 7 = 27

Together: 34 + 27 = 61

Bobbie and Jenny counted sixty one stars in all.

2. My mom is buying forty-eight oranges. She is also buying seventeen more lemons. How many oranges and lemons is she buying in all?

Oranges: 48

Lemons: 17

Together: 48 + 17 = 65

She bought 65 oranges and lemons in all

3. We are making clay figures in class. The girls are making thirty-one clay animals. The boys are making sixteen clay action figures. How many clay figures are we all making?

The girls: _____31_____

The boys: <u>16</u>

Together: <u>31 + 16 = 47</u>

We made 47 clay figures in all

Think of numbers in your life. Write a number and then explain what it means to you. You can use the number of the age of your parents or grandparents, the number of pages in your favorite book, the number of windows in your house, etc.

			25	4			4	2	
2	Number	Write the			Mean	ning			1
3									0
2 3 9 6 0									0
6									7
0									2
2									5
1									59
									9
3									8
2									3
				4				4	

Lesson 7

A Complete the story. Use words from your book.

Complete the story. Ose words from your book.	
Three children are standing outside theirtent_	/ cabin
It is outside so nobody ca	n see. There's a
strange <u>noise</u> . "Who's making th	at noise?" Greg asks.
Susan wants to scare her friends, so she says "Oh, it's probably	
a <u>bear</u> . Bears love food camps.	But don't worry, our food
is in a special"	
"No way!" says Robin, "It can't be abeαr	You are just
trying to scare us! It's only a raccoon trying to look for so	me food. Raccoons come
out at <u>night</u> when we are sleepi	ng." BANG, BANG, BANG!
The kids run quickly to the main cabin for help. They are so frightened!	
Illustrate the story.	

- Unscramble these words to write sentences.
 - 1. window / tree branch / The / is / the / on / tapping

The tree branch is tapping on the window

- 2. knocking/Who/the/is/door/on
 - Who is knocking on the door
- **3.** frightened of / things / Children / many / are

Children are frightened of many things

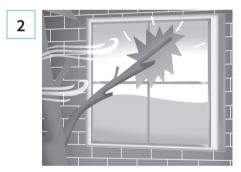
- **4.** making / is / noise / banging / Who / that
 - Who is making that banging noise
- **5.** I / monsters / frightened of / am

I am frightened of monsters

Look at the pictures. What is the sound in each?



slam



tap, tap



knock, knock

What are you afraid of? Write a scary story about that. Illustrate it.

Lesson 8

A Find eight things you can see at an amusement park.

D	F	Н	F	I	F	G	S	L	I	D	E	Т
I	E	G	F	0	0	D	G	Н	Т	L	Α	w
N	S	V	S	Н	0	W	S	Н	W	0	Υ	E
К	F	A	Т	Т	R	Α	С	Т	I	0	N	S
R	0	L	L	E	R	С	0	Α	S	Т	Е	R
G	0	D	I	С	E	С	R	E	Α	M	Υ	Α
В	D	S	С	Α	R	0	U	S	Е	L	Т	S
А	I	0	U	U	I	w	С	А	S	Т	L	E

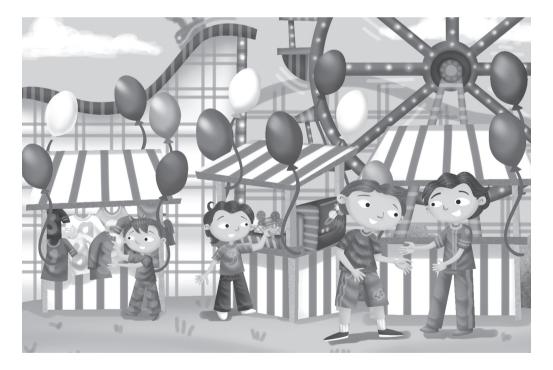
B	What can you do at an amusement park? Write sentences. Draw a picture.
---	--

1.	Answers will vary.	

Match the questions with the answers.

What are your friends eating?
 Who is going on the roller coaster?
 She's over there.
 Where are James and Jane?
 They are eating hamburgers.
 What are you doing?
 Susan, John and Peter.
 Where is your sister?
 They're at the ice cream stand.

D Look at the picture. Write sentences about what the people are doing.



1.	Answers will vary.
2.	
3.	

Write an advertisement about a super vacation place that you know. Use some ideas from the amusement park advertisement in your book. Draw or cut and paste a picture of the place.

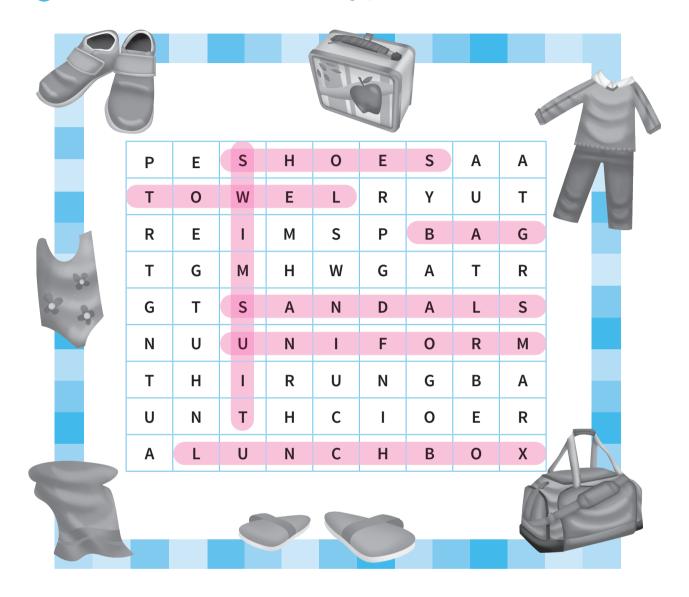
_
_
_

Lesson 1

Sorting Things Out

A	Inscramble the words to write a correct sentence.	
	• towel/Whose/this/is	
	Whose towel is this	
	. is/swimsuit/Joanna's/This	
	This is Joanna's swimsuit	
	Joe's / white / These / socks / are	
	These white socks are Joe's	
	are / Candy's / sandals / Those / pink	
	Those pink sandals are Candy's	
	• your/look after/your/responsibility to/things/It's	
	It's your responsibility to look after your things	
В	Your turn! Write a scrambled sentence and exchange it with a classmate. Answers will vary.	
	ly sentence	
	ly friend's sentence	

Find seven words related to the things you take to school.

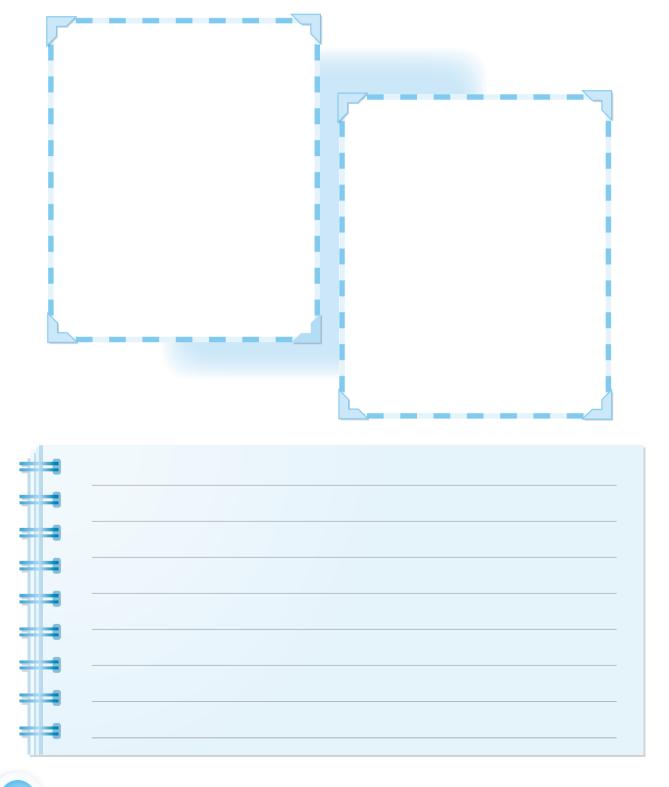


 \bigcirc Circle the words with the /u/ sound.

two bag boots shoes swimsuit towel your lunch student fruit

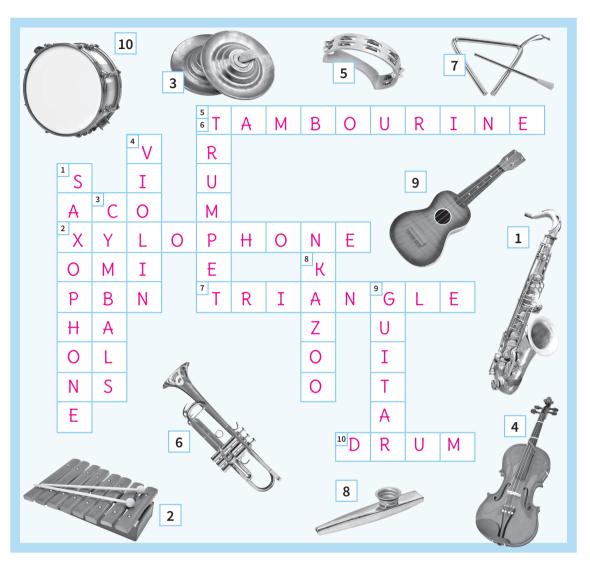
BLOG

Write about your two most favorite outfits. Draw them or take a picture of yourself wearing them, print it out and paste it here.



Lesson 2

A Solve the puzzle.



B Interview a classmate. Write the answers. Answers will vary.

1.	What is your favorite instrument?	
	9	

- 2. Why do you like it?
- **3.** Do you play it? _____
- **4.** Would you like to play it? _____

- C Read the sentences. Look at the pictures and write the names of the owners.
 - 1. These are Joshua's cymbals.
 - 2. These drums are his too.
 - **3.** This is Gina's violin.
 - **4.** This is not her saxophone. It's John's.
 - 5. This is John's kazoo.
 - **6.** These are not John's triangles. They are Gina's.



Occupiete the table with words from the box.

soup	buzz	bus	zoo	sound	Zack	kazoo	sticks
	z					/s/	
	buzz zoo Zack kazoo					soup bus sound sticks	d

BLOG

Interview two family members and friends about the instruments and the music they like. Write their answers.

Questions	Name 1:	Name 2:
What instruments do you know?		
What instruments do you like?		
What kind of music do you like to listen to?		
Who is your favorite singer or musician?		

Lesson 3

A Circle the word that doesn't belong.

1.	binoculars	telescope	flashlight	sunglasses	goggles
2.	towel	saxophone	drums	harp	cymbals
3.	campfire	tent	camp	compass	violin
4.	stars	night	sunglasses	sky	telescope
5.	needle	magnet	snack	cork	water

B Unscramble the words to make sentences.

- Is / compass / this / yours, / Tom
 Is this compass yours, Tom
 ?

 mine / The / binoculars / are
 The binoculars are mine
 these / magnets / Are / your
 Are these your magnets
 mine / This / not / of water / is / bottle
- This bottle of water is not mine

 5. are / in / backpack / Yours / your
 - Yours are in your backpack

G Join the words to their sounds.

brother /u/ /o/ suit

Write three sentences with the words in Activity C. Illustrate them.

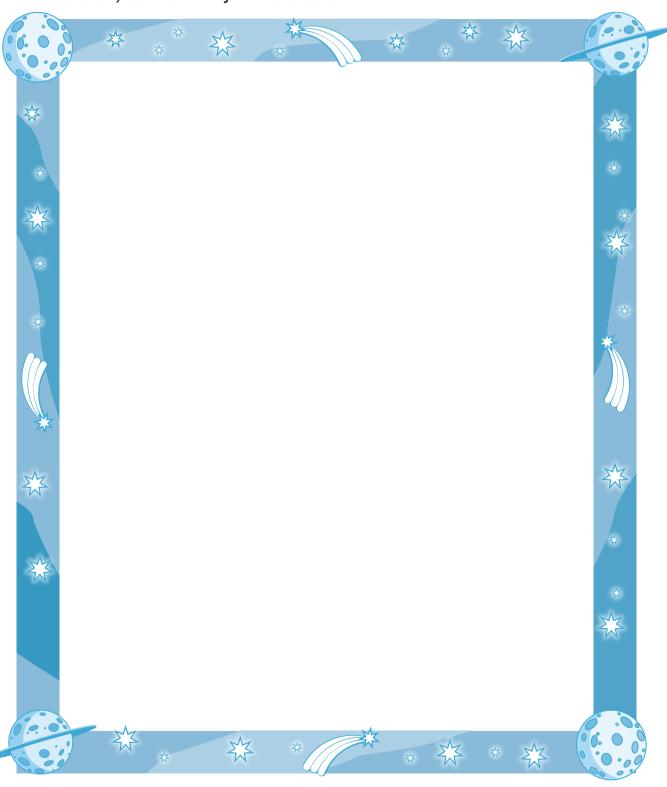
1. Answers will vary.

2. _____

3. _____

BLOG

Make your constellation. Choose any shape you want and use glitter, stickers, etc. Describe your constellation.



Lesson 4

A	Complete the conversation.
A	Complete the conversation

Sam: Whose pencil brush is this? It has a lot of red paint on it.

Kim: It's not ______. Is it yours, Sam?

Sam: No, it's not. Mine is over there. Maybe it's Lisa's.

Lisa: Oh! It's ______! Thanks.

Sam: And <u>whose</u> egg shell bag is this?

Lisa: It's <u>mine</u> too.

Kim: And whose canvas is this? I need to start throwing my colored egg shells at

mine.

Lisa: Oh, sorry. It's mine too.

Sam: Lisa, you need to keep your things on your desk!

B What art technique are the kids using? Write a description. Answers will vary.

###	
##=	
##=	
# 3	
===	
##=	
##=	
# 1	
=======================================	

Make a list of the things you need for these art techniques.

	Egg Smash Art	Brush Flick A	rt
_	Primary colored paints	Water colors	
_	Egg shells	Brush	
	Canvas	Canvas	
		•	
		•	
_			
_		•	
_		•	
	Write five words that have the /a/	sound. Draw a picture of each o	one.

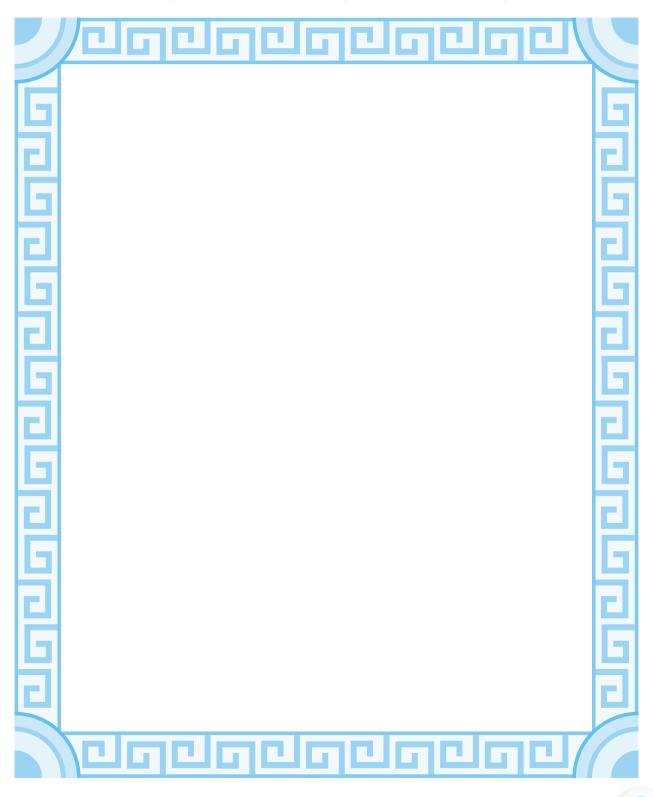
______ 2**.** _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

Use Pointillism art technique to create your own painting. Ask a family member for help at home. You can use paint, markers, or crayons.



Lesson 5

A Write the words.







2. shell



3. fish will vary.



4. octopus



5. _____ frog

B Write a sentence under each picture. Use there is or there are and prepositions. Look at the example.



1. There are two crabs in the sand.



2. There is one octopus on the rock



3. There are six shells on the sand

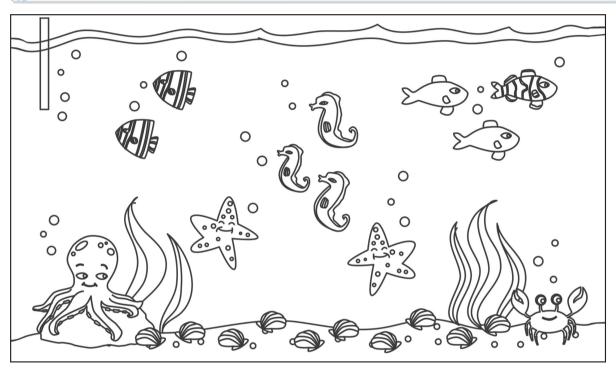


4. There are eight fish in the fish tank

What's missing? Read the description to complete the picture. Color it.



This is my aquarium. There are five yellow fish and five orange fish swimming. There is one purple octopus on a rock. There are fifteen pink seashells on the sand. There are three red crabs walking on the sand too.



D What else can you see in the aquarium? Write sentences. Answers will νατυ.

#	There are two yellow starfish.
	There are three orange sea horses.

What other animals can you find in an aquarium? What do you know about them? Ask a family member for help at home. Complete the table.

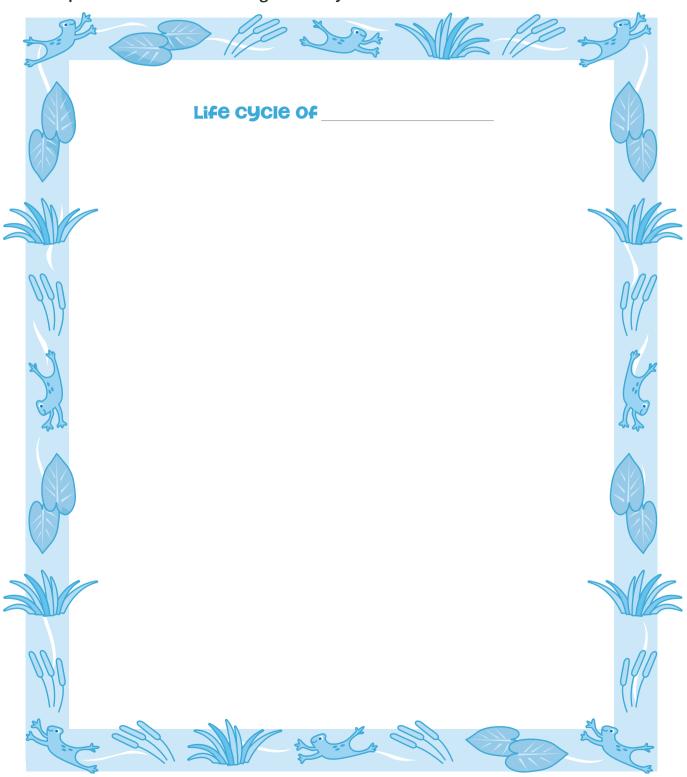
Animal	Fact	Picture

Lesson 6

A	Unscramble the words to write a correct sentence.								
	1.	many / How / butterflies / there / are							
	How many butterflies are there								
	2.	butterflies / in / the / are / garden / three / There							
		There are three butterflies in the garden							
	3.	caterpillars / There / tree / are / on the / five							
		There are five caterpillars on the tree							
	4.	eggs / leaves / How / are / there /on the / many							
		How many eggs are there on the leaves							
	5.	butterflies / Look / at the / blue							
		Look at the blue butterflies							
	classmate. Use there is or there are. Answers will vary. My sentence								
	Му	friend's sentence							
G		rcle in red the words that have the /o/ sound. Circle in blue the ones with e /e/ sound. Red Blue							
		rock hen chicken frog egg octopus sock pen there shock							

D	Complete tl	ne text. Draw a	a picture.			
	This is the lif	e cycle of a	butterfly	First, the f	emale butte	rfly
	lays the	eggs	Three weeks late	er, a	caterpillar	
	comes out fr	om the egg. Ne	ext, the caterpillar eat	s <u>leave</u>	s and plants	
	for two week	ks. Then, the ca	terpillar changes into	o a	pupa	It
	stays inside	for two more w	eeks. Finally, a beaut	iful butterfly	emerges fron	n the
	nuna					

What's the life cycle of a frog like? Find information to write about it. Draw a picture and label each stage of the cycle.



Lesson 7

- A Draw pictures to solve the problems. Write the answer using a complete sentence. Look at the example.
 - 1. There are ten big fish and twenty-two small fish in the fish tank. How many more small fish are there?

There are twelve more small fish than big fish.

2. Bobby's friends are collecting shells at the beach. Tom and Susan have fortyfive. Julie has twenty-nine and Roger seventeen. How many shells do all of them have?

They have ninety one shells all together

3. Maria is swimming in the sea. She's counting the sea animals around her. There is an octopus, twenty yellow fish, twenty-four orange fish, eight red crabs and nine green turtles. How many fish are swimming around her?

There are 52 fish swimming around her

B Unscramble the words. Write their plural form.

1. Ishef

shelf

2. fbutrlety

butterfly but

3. kmoeny

monkey

4. chatw

watch

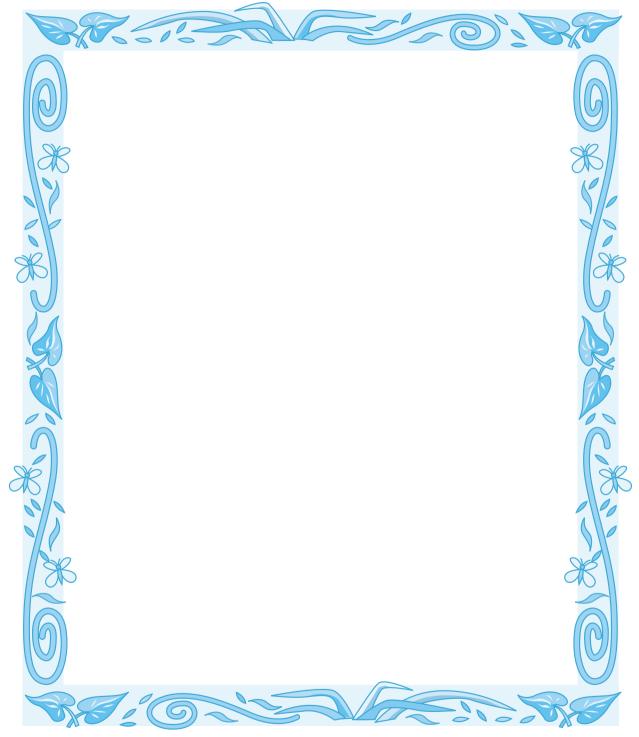
5. knesa

snake

butterflies
monkeys
watches
snakes

shelves

C Paste a picture of a jungle with many animals. Answers will νατυ.



D 🛂

Work with a classmate. Ask and answer questions about your pictures.

BLOG

Imagine you are going to Africa. What wild animals are you going to see there? What are you going to do there? Who are you going to go with? Draw a picture. Then, write five sentences about your adventure.

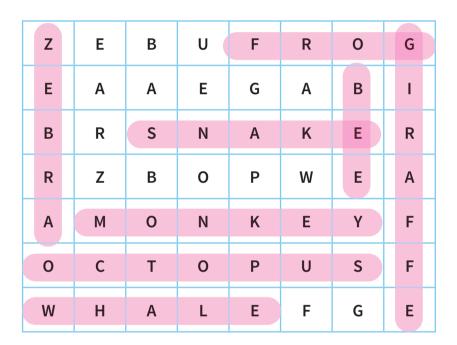
					200	10 20	90	
						100	4	9
_								
_								
3								
_								
5								
	06	. 12 6	4	114				

Lesson 8

A Circle the word that doesn't belong.

hippopotamus 1. lion zebra tiger octopus 2. elephant frog giraffe hippopotamus whale 3. turtle monkey crocodile frog snake 4. butterfly bee seabirds crab hen

B Find the eight words from Activity A.



- C Answer the questions. Answers will vary.
 - **1.** What's a tiger like?

The tiger is a large animal, it has black stripes and a long tail

2. What's a crocodile like?

The crocodile is a large green animal, it has large teeth

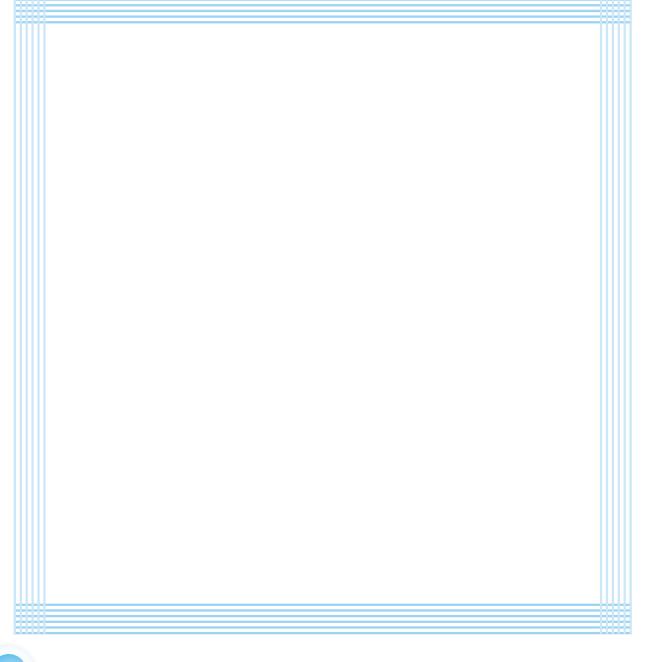
3. What are butterflies like?

Butterflies are small and colorful insects, they have two wings and two antennae .

Read the description of an animal. Draw a picture.



What's this mysterious animal like? It is very big. It has four legs and a long neck. It has a long yellow trunk and two small ears. It has a long tail. Its skin is gray and brown.



Interview a family member or a friend about a strange animal they have seen in person or on TV or in a movie. Draw the animal or paste a picture of it. Complete the table.

Animal	Fact	Picture

Lesson 1

Being Part of a Family

A	Write	the	missing	numbers
---	-------	-----	---------	---------

twenty-four, <u>twenty-five</u> , <u>twenty-six</u> , twenty-seven, <u>twenty-eight</u> , twenty-nine, <u>thirty</u> ,	twenty, tv	venty-one , twe	nty-two,	twenty-three	,
twenty-seven, <u>twenty-eight</u> , twenty-nine, <u>thirty</u> ,	twenty-four,	twenty-five		twenty-six	;
	twenty-seven,	twenty-eight	, twenty-nin	e, <u>thirty</u>	
<u>thirty-one</u> , thirty-two, thirty-three, <u>thirty-four</u> ,	thirty-one	, thirty-two, thirty	/-three,	thirty-four	
thirty-five, thirty-six.	thirty-f	ve,	thirty-six		

B Write the numbers. Use the words in the box to help you.

50 fifty 60 sixty 70 seventy 80 eighty
90 ninety 100 one hundred

51	fifty-one
55	fifty-five
64	sixty-four
68	sixty-eight
72	seventy-two
77	seventy-seven
83	eighty-three
89	eighty-nine
91	ninety-one
97	ninety-seven
200	two hundred

Circle the words with the / th / sound	C	C	3	Circle the words with the /th/s	sound
--	---	---	---	---------------------------------	-------

think dad drum thimbles dinner this donut thank three

Solve the problems.

1. My dad has many cousins. He has fourteen male cousins and twenty female cousins. Twenty-five live in Mexico, and the rest live in the United States. How many live in the United States?

Nine cousins live in the United States.

2. There are forty-two children in my classroom. Seventeen are boys and the rest are girls. Three girls are not in the classroom today. How many girls are there in my classroom today?

There are 22 girls in the classroom today.

3. There are twenty-eight people in my family. I live with my parents, my two brothers and my four sisters. How many people from my family don't live with me?

Nineteen people.

Interview your parents about their cousins. Ask these questions and complete the table.

How many cousins do you have?

What are their names?

Do you remember a funny anecdote about them?

Mom's cousins	Names	Dad's cousins	Names
Funny a	necdote	Funny a	necdote

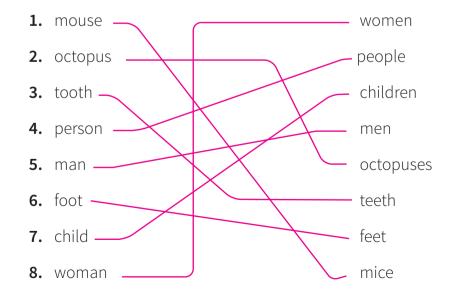
Lesson 2

A Complete the table with the words in the box. Look at the example.

roads	swings	trees	beaches	buses	watches
halves	knives	shelves	butterflies	families	s stories

Add –s	Add <i>–es</i>	Change –y for –i and add –es	Change –f for –v and add –es
roads	beaches	butterflies	halves
swings	buses	families	knives
trees	watches	stories	shelves

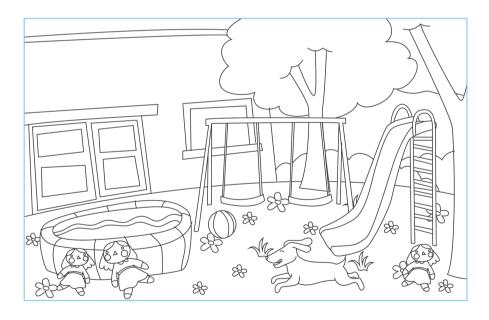
B Match the singular words to their plurals.



C Find eight words related to the family.

F	G	R	Α	N	D	Р	Α	Х
V	R	С	0	U	S	I	N	M
F	Α	Т	Н	Е	R	Υ	U	0
Α	N	Е	Υ	T	0	Р	N	Т
Т	D	R	N	Υ	D	Α	С	Н
G	М	U	N	Т	Н	В	L	Е
E	A	R	S	I	S	Т	E	R

D Color the picture and describe it. What is missing? Answers will vary.



Interview four classmates about their brothers or sisters. Ask these questions and complete the table.

Classmate	's name	:		
Brothers:	(Yes)	(No)		
Sisters:	(Yes)	(No)		
Names and	Names and ages:			
What my c	lassmat	te		
likes:				

Classmate	's name	:	
Brothers:	(Yes)	(No)	
Sisters:	(Yes)	(No)	
Names and	d ages:		
What my c likes:	lassma	te	

- Do you have any brothers or sisters?
- How many brothers and sisters do you have?
- What are their names?
- How old are they?
- What do you like about them?

Classmate	's name	2:		
Brothers:	(Yes)	(No)		
Sisters:	(Yes)	(No)		
Names and ages:				
What my c	lassma	te		

Classmate	's name	:		
Brothers:	(Yes)	(No)		
Sisters:	(Yes)	(No)		
Names and	Names and ages:			
What my c	lassma	te		
likes.				

Lesson 3

A		rite how these things are similar and how they are different. Look at e example. Answers will vary.
		house, apartment
		A house is similar to an apartment because people live inside. A house is different to an apartment because it has more rooms.
	2.	brother, sister
	3.	crab, octopus
	4.	raccoon, ferret
	5.	garden, park
В		mplete these sentences. Use anv or some and the words of the pictures. There aren'tanyswings in the park.
	2.	There are some trees in my garden

3. There are some



children playing at the park.

4. There aren't any



flαgs in the parade.

C	Draw a picture of a special food you like to eat for Independence Day. What do you know about it? Write sentences. Answers will vary.
	Make a list of five words that have the f sound. Answers will vary.
i.	
Ħ	
₽	
<u> </u>	

BLOG

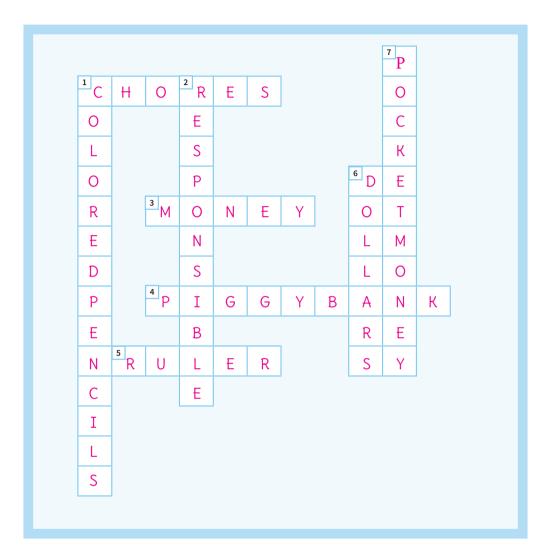
Do you like parades? What do you like about them? Draw a picture. Write

sentences to describe your picture.	
	77

Lesson 4

UI	iscramble the words to make sentences.
1.	chocolates / any / Do / you / have
	Do you have any chocolates ?
2.	aren't / There / in the basket / any / apples
	There aren't any apples in the basket
3.	at / her / is / for / home / Jenny / chores / responsible
	Jenny is responsible for her chores at home
4.	Janet / some / in her / has / piggy bank / pocket money
	Janet has some pocket money in her piggy bank
5.	you / at home / receive / for / Do / pocket money / doing chores
	_Do you receive pocket money for doing chores at home?
	Your turn! Write a scrambled sentence and exchange it with a classmate. Answers will vary.
IVI	sentence
My	rfriend's sentence

Solve the puzzle.



Across

- 1 These are the activities you do to help at home.
- **3** You need it to buy things.
- **4** It's a place where you can save your pocket money.
- **5** It's something you use to measure things.

Down

- 1 It's the name for pencils of different colors.
- **2** When you take care of your things you are...
- **6** It's the money used in the United States.
- **7** It's the money you receive on weekends.

BLOG

What things do you need for school? Find out about their cost and make a list. Ask a family member for some help at home.

Price

E Write a conversation you would have at the store. Follow the example.

4	You:	Hi, I need some help.
0	Sales Assistant:	Sure.
	You:	
	Sales Assistant:	
	You:	
	Sales Assistant:	
0	You:	
	Sales Assistant:	
•	You:	
	Sales Assistant:	
0		

Lesson 5

A Solve the problems.

1. Steven and Jerry are collecting leaves for an experiment. Steven has thirty-six and Jerry eight fewer than Steven. How many leaves do they have together?

Steven: 36

Jerry: ²⁸

Together: <u>36 + 28 = 64</u>

2. We are buying twenty four large paper plates, thirteen smaller ones and thirty-eight square ones. How many paper plates are we buying in all?

Large plates: 24

Small plates: 13

Square plates: ____38

Total: 24 + 13 + 38 = 75

3. Mark gets twenty-five pesos a week if he makes his bed every morning, and he gets fifty pesos for taking out the garbage twice a week. He also gets thirty pesos if he washes one of the family cars. This week he is washing two cars and he is doing all his chores. How much pocket money is he going to get?

Making bed: 25

Garbage: 50

Car: ____30 + 30 = 60

Total: 25 + 50 + 60 = 135

B		Write questions for these answers. Use the words in parentheses. Look at the example.				
	1.	(mix, baking soda and vinegar)				
		What happens when you mix baking soda and vinegar?				
		They start to bubble and make carbon dioxide gas.				
	2.	(where, vinegar) Where is the vinegar	_?			
		It's in the cabinet.				
	3.	(Susan, look for) What is Susan looking for	_?			
		Susan is looking for the baking soda to do an experiment.				
	4.	(where, spoons and the measuring cup) Where are the spoons and the measuring cup	7			

What things do you need for doing the exploding sandwich bag? Make a list.

Draw a picture of the experiment.

They are on the table next to the vinegar.



BLOG

Do you like to do science experiments? What is your favorite experiment?

Make a list of the things you need and explain how you do it. Draw a picture.

Щ	List of	Materials	
Ш	List Oi	Materials	
•••			
• • •			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			\bigcircle{\bigcirc}
			<u> </u>
*			
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\Diamond			
Ш			
		//////	

Lesson 6

A Find ten words related to barbecues.

F	G	R	1	L	L	F	U	N
В	Α	R	В	E	С	U	E	F
R	М	Υ	Α	R	D	F	N	N
E	E	N	J	0	Υ	R	U	В
N	S	Α	С	K	R	Α	С	E
F	0	0	D	G	R	I	L	L
F	R	I	Е	N	D	S	Н	R
Н	0	Т	D	0	G	J	I	E

B Unscramble the words to make questions.

1. you/watching/What/are

What are you watching
are / What / wearing / you / today
What are you wearing today
color / jeans / What / are / favorite / your
What color are your favorite jeans
friends / doing / What / are / your

5. shoes / best friend's / color / are / your / What

What color are your best friend's shoes ?

What are your friends doing

•				
Answers v	vill vary.	<u> </u>	_	

BLOG

© Create an invitation to a barbecue for your family and friends. Say why you are organizing it. Include the food and the activities. Remember to say when and where it is going to be.

	J			
- F				
				_
				- - J
- -				
				_ _
-				

Lesson 7

A	Unscramble the words to make sentences.

_	
1.	Thor/Norse/thunder/is/the/of/and/lightning/god
	Thor is the Norse god of thunder and lightening
2.	Thor/hammer/has/heavy/a
	Thor has a heavy hammer
3.	god / Roman / Saturday / Saturn / comes / from / the
	Saturday comes from the sRoman god Saturn
4.	day / What / your / week / favorite / is / of the
	What is your favorite day of the week
5.	birthday / your / party / is / When
	When is your birthday party
2	Your turn! Write a scrambled sentence and exchange it with a classmate. Use there is or there are. Answers will vary.
Му	sentence

B

My friend's sentence...

Circle the word that doesn't belong.

1. English Mathematics History party Science **2.** thunder lightning sunny storms rain 3. Thursday Saturday Friday Tuesday August 4. hammer belt red hair god war

Work with a classmate. Create your own secret code to send messages. Answers will vary.



■ Write secret messages to a friend. Exchange books. Answers will vary.

BLOG

Write your schedule for Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays. Follow the example.

Monday	Wednesday	Fridays	Sundays
	-	-	-
I get up at			

Lesson 8



B Circle the words with the /e/ sound.

the turtle table needle where plates
noise hero she pocket

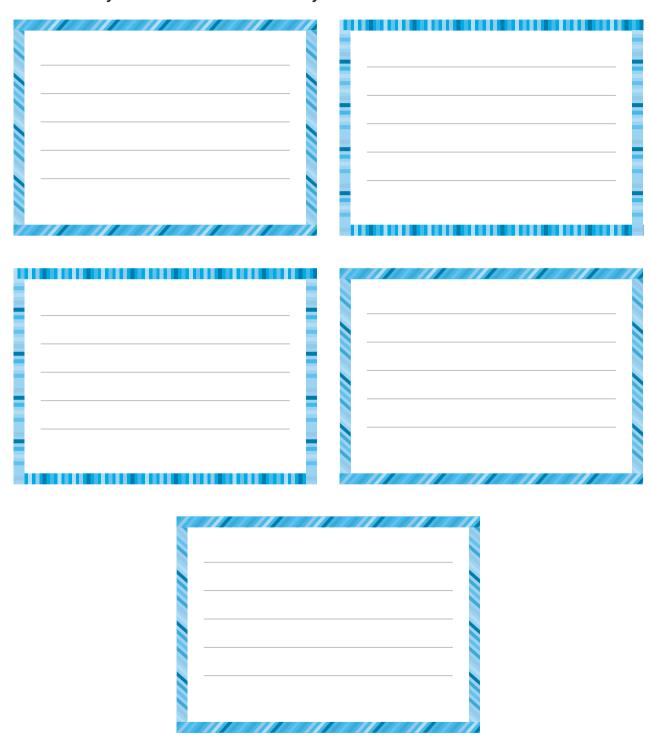
Find words in your book to complete the table. Answers will vary.



Camping	Musical instruments	Food	Animals	Clothing

BLOG

This year at school you did many things. You had good times and not so good times. You probably learned some new things too. Look back on your school year and write down five of your best memories.



Grammar Structures Unit 1

Like / Likes

We use like to express what we prefer.

- I like apples
- My best friend **likes** apples too.

Don't like / Doesn't like

We use don't and doesn't before like to make a sentence negative.

- You don't like carrots.
- My sister doesn't like carrots.

Do / Does

We use *do* and *does* as an auxiliary to make Yes / No questions.

- **Do** you like pizza? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
- Does he like pizza? Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.

Imperatives

We use imperatives to give orders, to make suggestions, to give advice or to invite someone. Imperatives don't take subject.

- Wash the potatoes.
- Don't make potato chips without supervision.
- Eat your potato chips.

Where is / Where are...?

We use Where is and Where are to ask about the location of people or objects.

Singular	Plural
Where is?	Where are?
Where is the butter?	Where are the cookies?

Prepositions of place

We use prepositions of place to say where a person or an object is.

The milk	is	in	the fridge.
The cups	are	on	the table.
The bank	is	next to	the market.
The butter	is	between	the milk and the yogurt.
Two girls	are	under	the table.

Grammar Structures Unit 2

Possessives ('s)

We use an apostrophe before s after the name of a person to say that something belongs to them.

- Susan's doll is on the floor.
- That is **Tom's** yo-yo.

Possessive adjectives

We use these adjectives before a noun to express possession.

Subj	ect + Ve	rb + Possessive adjectiv	e + Noun
I	brush	my	hair.
You	eat	your	lunch.
He	brings	his	toys.
She	takes	her	bag.
It	bites	its	leash.
We	drive	our	car
You	love	your	pet.
They	brought	their	van.

This is / That is

We use this is and that is to demonstrate where a person or an object is.

- This is my clay.
- That is your clay.

Simple present

Have / Has

We use the simple present of *have* to show possession too.

- Freddy **has** a blue sweater.
- Molly and Terry **have** two pets.

Don't have / Doesn't have

We use don't and doesn't before the verb in simple form have to make negatives.

- I don't have a pair of wheelies.
- Shelly doesn't have a pet.

Short answers

We use short answers in spoken language to save time.

- Do you have a yo-yo?
 - Yes, I do.
- Does she have a doll?

No, she doesn't.

Grammar Structures Unit 3

Present continuous

We use the present continuous to talk about actions in progress and temporary states.

Subject	+ Verb to be + Verb + ing + Complement		
I	am	swimming	in the ocean.
You	are	making	sand castles.
He	is	cooking	breakfast.
She	is	playing	dominoes
lt	is	running	in the beach.
We	are	making	scary noises.
You	are	having	fun.
They	are	camping	in the forest.

Questions with who

We use who to ask about a person.

- Who is making that noise?
- Who is outside?
- Who are they?

Adjectives

We use adjectives to describe people, things, animals and places.

Subject	+	Verb + Adjective
My sneakers	are	blue.
The backpack	is	red.
We	are	һарру.
The socks	are	warm.

We can also use adjectives before nouns to describe people, things, animals and places.

- My **brown** boots.
- My **red** sweater.
- Your **old** shorts.
- My **best** vacations.

Grammar Structures Unit 4

Whose

We use whose to ask about possession.

- Whose sweater is this?
- Whose sneakers are these?

Possessive Pronouns

We use possessive pronouns to show possession.

Subject	+ Verb	+ Possessive pronoun
The dog	is	mine.
The sweaters	are	yours.
Those clocks	are	his.
The lipstick	is	hers.
The food	is	its.
The house	is	ours.
The cat	is	yours.
That horse	is	theirs.

How many...?

We use *How many...?* to ask about the quantities of countable nouns.

How many +	Subject +	Verb To Be	+ Complement?
How many	butterflies	are	there in the garden?
How many	animals	are	there in the zoo?
How many	apples	are	there in the tree?

Descriptions

We use What...like? to ask for descriptions of people, things, animals and places.

What +	Verb To B	e + Subject	+ Like?
What	is	your grandmother	like?
What	are	Japanese toilets	like?
What	is	your gecko	like?
What	is	Mexico	like?

Plural nouns

There are different spelling rules to form plural nouns.

Add -s	Add <i>-es</i>	Change – <i>y</i> for – <i>i</i> and add – <i>es</i>	Change –ffor –v and add –es	Irregular
rabbit- rabbits	bus- buses	baby- babies	knife- knives	child- children
apple- apples	watch-watches	story- stories	half- halves	man- men

Grammar Structures Unit 5

There is / There are

We use *there is* to talk about the existence of singular nouns. We use *there are* to talk about the existence of plural nouns.

- There is a lamp on the table.
- There are twenty children in the classroom.

Some / Any

We use *some* with affirmative forms and any with negatives and questions.

- There is **some** sugar in the jar.
- There isn't **any** milk in the refrigerator.
- Do you have **any** pencils?

Uncountable nouns

There are many nouns in English that are not used with a/an or plural. You can't count these nouns with numbers: water, rice, sugar, milk, happiness, etc.

Uncountable nouns	How do we count them?
water, milk, oil	liters, milliliters, etc.
rice, sugar,	kilos, grams, etc.
happiness	We can't count it.

Prepositions of time: in, on, at

- in summer, in 1971, in July, in the evening
- **on** Monday, **on** October 4th
- at nine o'clock, at night

Wh- questions

We use wh-words to make questions.

- What are you doing?
- What color is it?
- What is a giraffe like?
- Where is the milk?
- Where are you going?
- **How** many pineapples are there?
- Who is playing with you?
- When is your birthday?

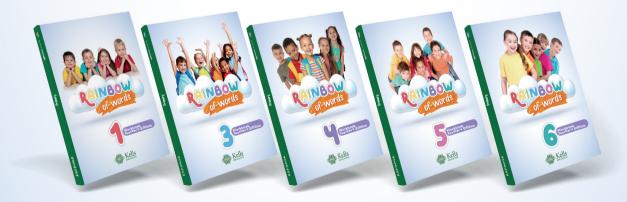


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